AL FAROOQ MASJID OF ATLANTA ATLANTA, GEORGIA



ACOUSTICAL CONSULTANT:

ARCHITECT:

DESIGN BUILD FIRM:

OWNER:

SOUND AND AV CONSULTANT:

CONSTRUCTION COST:

COMPLETION DATE:

Lee Sound Design, Inc.

Design Arts Studio

Engineering Design Technologies, Inc.

Al Farooq Masjid of Atlanta

Lee Sound Design, Inc.

10 Million USD

2007

Al Farooq Masjid of Atlanta is the largest mosque in the Southeast and was designed with traditional Muslim and interfaith concerns in mind. All mosques must face Mecca, the Saudi Arabian city where Muhammad, the founder of Islam, was born in A.D. 570. Making this work within the limitations of a modern city required orienting the mosques's prayer hall towards the northeast while the rest of the building sits squarely on the mid-town Atlanta block

The facility features a 36 foot high dome over the main prayer hall, a 19 foot dome over the library/dawa center and a 131 feet high minaret. The main level consists of the main prayer hall, library/dawa center, men's ablution area and a gathering place. The upper level has a women's prayer hall, women's study & lounge, women's ablution area, and a glassed in mezzanine area where non-Muslims can view prayers below. The basement has several large, divisible meeting rooms and a kitchen.

Acoustical, sound and audiovisual system design was performed for the entire facility. Concerns and challenges were sound focusing by the dome and the octagon floor plan. Being a speech only worship service, the approach was to add absorption everywhere possible. The interior of the dome was designed with a

CRITICAL DATA

Total Facility Size: 46,000 square feet

Worship Center Volume: 225,000 cubic feet

Worship Capacity: 1500 people

Calculated Mid-Band

Reverberation Time: Less than 1.5 seconds

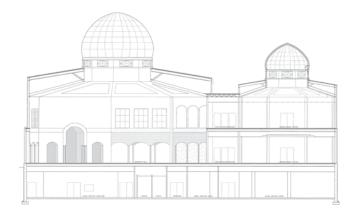
Calculated Mid-Band Speech Less than 8% ALCons Intelligibility - Unoccupied Less than 0.56 STI

Recommended Noise Level: NC-20 to NC-30

smooth, field applied, seamless absorbing finish system. The finish is an emulsion of mineral particles, which form a micro-porous membrane applied to pre-coated mineral wool supporting panels. After drying, the seams are sanded and multiple higher density (smaller mineral particles) base coatings are trowel applied and smoothed, providing the appearance of a seamless conventional gypsum or plastered surface. Traditional 2" thick, fabric wrapped, semi-rigid fiberglass panels were applied to all available wall surfaces to reduce the reverberation times and sound system reflections. Initially steerable line array loudspeakers were proposed to reduce the amount of sound impinging on the domed ceiling. Marble columns and ornate fixtures were too prevalent to allow this, so traditional mid-high frequency modules were recessed above the Minbar, where the iman speaks from. Facility wide audio/video overflow and monitoring capability exists on all levels. The meeting rooms have complete AV presentation systems as well. Unobtrusive exterior loudspeakers will be provided for the call to prayers.

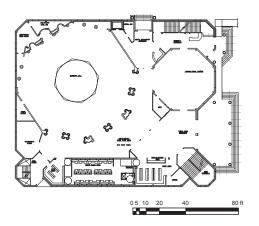
Al Farooq Masjid is named after an early Islamic leader and companion of Muhammad. There are over 2 million American Muslims associated with over 1200 Mosques in the United States.

INTERIOR ELEVATION

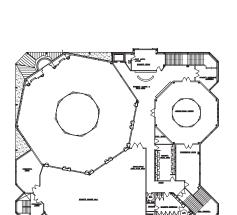


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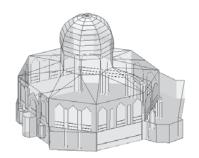




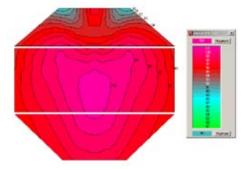
MAIN FLOOR PLAN



MEZZANINE FLOOR PLAN



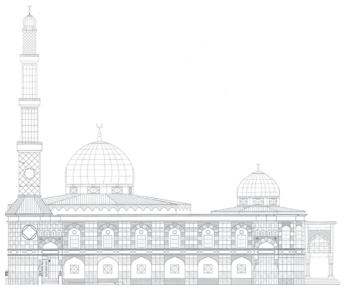
RENDERING



LOUDSPEAKER COVERAGE - 1000 HZ DIRECT SPL







WEST ELEVATION